

**അനുബന്ധം - 5**  
**ഡി. ജി. പി. യുടെ ഏത്സിയൂട്ടിന് ഡയറക്ടറീനീൻ്റെ പതർവ്**

No. D2-206170/2016/PHQ  
Police Headquarters, Kerala  
Thiruvananthapuram - 6951010  
Dated : 14/11/2016

**Executive Directive No. 9/2016**

Sub: Waste dumping and Polluting Air and Water bodies – Enforcement of act and rules – Special Drive – Instructions issued – reg.

Ref: 1). Circular No. 9/20166 dtd. 23.06.2016.  
2). PHQ Office Order No. U4-96398/2016/PHQ dtd. 29/09/2016.

The Government of Kerala has launched the 'Haritha Keralam' initiative to keep our state clean and green. To achieve this, the State Government is gearing up for a high voltage people's campaign involving all the stake holders. Suchitwa Mission, the State Government agency, which co-ordinates the program has requested the whole-hearted participation of the State Police in this venture. As such, we have tied up with Suchitwa Mission to start and achieve the green protocol in our offices. Instructions and guidelines have already been given to achieve zero waste police premises for strict compliance. In addition, Suchitwa Mission and Government of Kerala have also requested the involvement of Kerala Police in the enforcement of legal provisions for preventing the littering, dumping and burning of waste in public places and polluting the air and water bodies.

Accordingly, in continuation of the earlier orders, the following instructions are issued.

1. All Police Stations in the State should participate and co-operative with the activities of State Government Departments, Suchitwa Mission and local bodies in their efforts to achieve a green and clean environment and preventing littering and unscientific treatment of solid and liquid wastes in their locality. All SHOs, CIs and DySsP should take a pro-active role in this venture.
2. Police can take cognizance of littering of wastes and polluting air and water bodies and register cases under sections 269 r/w 278 of IPC and Section 120 (e) of Kerala Police Act. Sections 340 (A) & 340 (B), 341 and 342 of the Kerala Municipalities Act 1994 and sections 219 (N), 219 (P) and 252 of the Kerala Panchayathi Raj Act are also relevant. These provisions are detailed as annexure.
3. The SHOs, CIs and Sub-division officers all should take on active involvement in the implementation of the provisions as per the guidelines detailed below:

#### **a. Role of SHQ**

The SHOs should chalk out an action plan to make their locality free from littering with solid and liquid type of waste and other hazardous substances as well as burning dumped plastic wastes. This should be done in a phased manner.

##### **Stage 1: Mapping :**

At the first stage, black spots in which is high presence of waste dumping, burning of mixed waste which contains plastic, rubber and other hazardous materials, waste water draining etc. Polluting water bodies and canals should be identified with the help of local body authorities (Grama Panchayat/Urban Local Bodies), Suchitwa Mission, health department and other agencies concerned.

##### **Stage 2 : Awareness Drive**

In the second stage, an awareness drive engaging Janamaithri Beat Officers and Civil Police Officers in Police Stations should be conducted to make the people aware of the environment, health and social issues, legal provisions of waste dumping, burning and polluting air and water. All agencies which have a stake in it should also be involved in this drive. Prior to the campaign, a meeting of all such agencies should be held to chalk out the implementation strategy of this drive. This should be completed within two months.

##### **Stage 3 : Warning**

As a sequel to this awareness drive, in the third stage, patrolling teams should be engaged in finding out Littering, large scale dumping as well as mass burning of waste material in their locality and also. Strong warning can be given to such culprits initially.

##### **Stage 4 : Enforcement**

In the final stage, patrolling should be intensified and persons who violate the provisions and resort to waste dumping and dumping and burning in public places or polluting air or water bodies should be booked and cases should be registered invoking the relevant legal provisions.

#### **b. Role of CI:**

The CIs should initiate the action to co-ordinate all the stake holding agencies for the Pollution Mapping and data collection. They should also organize the meeting of the stake holding agencies in their jurisdiction prior to mapping and awareness drive. They should also closely monitor the activities at Station Level and send a monthly CI level consolidated report to the DySP and DPC concerned, regarding the program of this activity.

#### **c. Role of DySP :**

The sub-division officers should conduct a meeting of all CIs, SHOs under them and chalk out a sub-divisional plan and time frame, taking into account the local specificities. They should

liaise with the local body authorities for the successful conduct of the mapping, awareness drive and should form special patrol teams in the final stage to find out the bulk waste dumping, especially by commercial establishments, hospitals etc. They should also send a monthly Sub-divisional level consolidated report to the DPC concerned.

**d. Role of DPC :**

All DPCs should closely monitor the progress of these activities in their district, conduct review meetings and send a monthly consolidated report to the State Police Chief through the Range IsGP and ADGsP.

4. All Range IsGP and ADGsP are directed to closely monitor the program, hold monthly review meeting and ensure timely sending of reports.
5. After six months, a state level evaluation will be done based on which SPC's Trophy and Rewards will be given away to one SHO each at district level and one CI each at the zonal level, one DySP and one DPC at the State Level.
6. The State Project Management Committee of the Student Police Cadet program shall include Green Protocol Campaign as one of the prime items in their activity calendar.

**Loknath Behra IPS**  
DGP & State Police Chief